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20 September 2019



RE Official Information Act request CDHB 10173 and WCDHB 9340

I am refer to your email dated 23 August 2019 requesting the following information under the Official Information Act from Canterbury DHB and West Coast DHB. Specifically:

- 1. The total number of complaints relating to alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour reported, with a breakdown from each department, each year for the last five years.
- 2. The total number of complaints relating to staff alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour formally investigated, with a breakdown from each department, each year for the last five years.
- 3. The total number of staff disciplined following a compliant relating to alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour each year, for the last five years.
- 4. The total number of staff dismissed or whose employment ended (such as a resignation or non-renewal of contract) following a complaint relating to alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour each year, for the last five years.

The above information is not held in an easily retrievable central data system for either Canterbury DHB or West Coast DHB and would take considerable collation and research to provide. We are therefore declining a response to these questions under section 18(f) of the Official Information Act. To provide this information would involve going through individual personal records.

5. The total cost of legal fees to investigate alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour complaints each year for the last five years.

Canterbury DHB and West Coast DHB employ Corporate Solicitors on staff so there would be no internal 'legal fees' incurred and to provide information relating to external legal advice would entail a substantive search through invoices. We are therefore declining a response to this question under section 18(f) of the Official Information Act i.e. "...the information cannot be made available without substantial collation or research".

 Copies of any legal advice given to the DHB relating to alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour in the last five years. Please note I am meaning broadly rather than a specific case.

Legal advice given to either DHB would be given under legal privilege and is therefore declined under section 9(2)(h) of the Official Information Act i.e. "....maintain legal professional privilege".

7. The total number of staff employed at the DHB, with a breakdown on the number of staff at each department, each year for the last five years.

Please refer to **Table one** (below) for the total number of staff employed at Canterbury DHB by division for the last five years.

Canterbury DHB:

Table one:

Division	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
MENTAL HEALTH	1267	1278	1277	1299	1346
CORPORATE	608	544	547	854	905
OLDER PERSONS HEALTH & REHAB	1493	1467	1440	1484	1496
RURAL HOSPITALS	588	617	614	591	571
MEDICAL & SURGICAL	4505	4542	4672	4828	5100
FACILITIES MANAGEMENT	59	57	53	60	64
WOMENS & CHILDRENS HEALTH	1076	1031	1033	1010	1043
HOSPITAL SUPPORT & LABS	494	475	480	472	487
COMMUNITY PUBLIC HEALTH	147	148	144	140	137
GOVERANCE	131	137	137	140	145
N/A	2	0	0	2	8
Total	10370	10296	10397	10880	11302

West Coast DHB:

West Coast DHB is not broken down by Division. Please refer to **Table two** (below) for the total number of people employed on the West Coast.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1309	1185	1108	1058	1058

8. Copies of any policy, regulation, protocol relating to alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour and reporting of such incidents.

Canterbury DHB Policies/regulations, protocols relating to alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour and reporting of such incidents are attached as follows:

Appendix 1 - Code of Conduct
Appendix 2 - Harassment Policy
Appendix 3 - Disciplinary Action

Appendix 4 - Incident Management Policy (covers Canterbury DHB and West Coast DHB)

West Coast DHB Policies/regulations, protocols relating to alleged staff bullying, harassment or inappropriate behaviour and reporting of such incidents are attached as follows (overleaf).

Appendix 5 - Code of Conduct for Staff Procedure

Appendix 6 - Prevention of Harassment and Workplace Bullying Procedure

Appendix 7 - Staff Discipline Suspension and Dismissal Procedure

You may, under section 28(3) of the Official Information Act, seek a review of our decision to withhold information by the Ombudsman. Information about how to make a complaint is available at www.ombudsman.parliament.nz; or Freephone 0800 802 602.

Please note that this response, or an edited version of this response, may be published on the Canterbury DHB and West Coast DHB websites after your receipt of this response.

Yours sincerely

Carolyn Gullery **Executive Director**

Planning, Funding & Decision Support

1 Code of Conduct & Disciplinary Policy

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1.1 Code of Conduct

Introduction

Knowing what responsibilities we have to our fellow employees to conduct ourselves according to certain rules of good behaviour, conduct and performance is an essential part of working at Canterbury DHB.

Scope

All employees.

Associated Documents

Disciplinary Action Policy

Health Practitioners Competency Assurance Policy

Policy

Employees have an obligation to:

- 1. Be present at work as required and to be absent from the workplace only with proper authorisation.
- 2. Maintain expected standards of performance. Employees should carry out their duties in an efficient and competent manner, and avoid behaviour which might impair their work performance.
- 3. Display loyalty to the Canterbury DHB and use their best endeavours to assist the organisation to meet its objectives.
- 4. Respect the rights of their colleagues and the public. In performing their duties, employees are expected to:
 - avoid behaviour which might endanger or cause distress to other employees, or otherwise contribute to disruption of the workplace.

- Refrain from allowing workplace relationships to adversely affect the performance of official duties.
- Respect the privacy of individuals when dealing with personal information.
- Not discriminate against, or harass clients, visitors or colleagues because of their sex, age, marital status, ethnicity, disability, religious or ethical beliefs, colour, race, political opinion, employment status or sexual orientation.
- Respect the cultural background of colleagues and clients in all dealings
- Have due regard for the safety of themselves and others in the use of Canterbury DHB property and resources.
- 5. Comply with all lawful and reasonable instructions and policies and to work as directed. Implicit in this is an obligation to obey the law.
- 6. Maintain proper standards of integrity and conduct in the performance of their duties and in their private lives, where it may reflect badly upon the Organisation.
- 7. Show reasonable care, and neither use, nor allow the use of departmental property, resources, or funds for anything other than authorised purposes.
- 8. Incur no liability on the part of the Organisation without proper authorisation.
- 9. Maintain all necessary qualifications (including registration and annual practising certificates) to enable the Employee to perform his/her duties legally.
- 10. Notify the CDHB immediately if their registration is revoked or in anyway amended; or if they cease to have a valid practising certificate; or if the scope of practice endorsed on their practising certificate, or any condition, is revoked or altered in anyway, as per the requirements of the HPCA Act 2003.
- 11. Not to demand, claim or accept any fee, gratuity, commission or benefit from any person or persons other than the CDHB in payment for any matter or thing concerned with the Employee's duties and responsibilities, except with the prior written consent of the Canterbury DHB.
- 12. Ensure that at any time during their employment or termination they do not knowingly or without due care disclose or allow access to confidential information, or information relating to any of the business affairs, software, property or other activities of the Employer and shall use his/her best endeavours to prevent the publication or disclosure of same.
- 13. Except with the prior written approval of the Canterbury DHB, engage in alternative employment with/or be a member of an organisation which may impinge on the proper performance of the

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Employee's employment or be in conflict with the interests of the CDHB.

The Code of Conduct sets guidelines for all employees to ensure that:

- 1. The Organisation runs efficiently and effectively
- 2. Staff are treated fairly and equitably
- 3. Employees understand the expectations of the CDHB so that disciplinary action does not come as a surprise to staff.

1.1.1 Breaches of the Code of Conduct

Breaches of the Code of Conduct should be read in conjunction with the Discipline and Dismissal Procedures.

As a general rule, misconduct usually falls into one of the following categories:

- Absenteeism
- Dishonesty
- Wilful disobedience
- Misconduct
- Unsatisfactory Work Performance.

However for the purpose of this Policy, misconduct is divided into three areas:

Misconduct

These items of misconduct will usually lead to the disciplinary procedures being invoked.

Serious Misconduct

These items will usually lead to summary dismissal, that is, dismissal without further warning. In cases of serious misconduct, a dismissal will usually be given without notice, however in certain circumstances, notice could be given.

Conduct Detrimental to the Best Interests of the Organisation

These items will generally lead to disciplinary procedures being invoked including the possibility of summary dismissal.

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Important Notes

Conduct generally construed as misconduct may be regarded as serious misconduct if these actions are such that they could lead to substantial risks to patients or major ramifications for the CDHB.

It should be noted that professional incompetence/misconduct will probably lead to disciplinary action under this code. All cases of professional incompetence/misconduct should be reported to the Professional Advisor and General Manager who should consider reporting it to the appropriate registration authority.

Where a health professional either resigns, or is dismissed, for reasons relating to competence, The CDHB has a statutory obligation to inform the appropriate registration authority.

1.1.2 Misconduct

Misconduct comprises of actions or omissions which, regarded in isolation, do not warrant severe disciplinary action, such as dismissal.

Where an employee is guilty of an offence classified as misconduct he/she will usually receive two clear warnings (usually but not necessarily an oral and written warning) before being dismissed. Normally the first warning will be oral and the second written. Should an employee offend again after a final written warning, he/she may be dismissed with notice or pay in lieu of notice.

The warning procedure may be applied to offences of a dissimilar nature and is not restricted to the repetition of a specific form of offence.

Instances of such behaviour may include, but are not confined to the following examples:

- Failing to comply with Canterbury DHB Policies or Procedures.
- Failing to maintain an acceptable level of work performance.
- Failing to provide due loyalty to the CDHB.
- Habitually arriving late for duty.
- Damage to Canterbury DHB property.

1.1.3 Serious Misconduct

Serious misconduct is behaviour which undermines the contractual relationship between the Employee and the Employer, and/or seriously threatens the wellbeing of the organisation, staff or patients.

Where an employee is guilty of an offence classified as serious misconduct, he/she may be dismissed without warning.

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When it is suspected that an employee is guilty of serious misconduct, he/she may be suspended, usually for a period of up to seven days, pending a full investigation of the alleged offence(s). A suspension of this nature will normally be on full pay.

Whilst an employee is suspended, he/she must not come onto CDHB property or engage in any duty related to his/her position without authorisation.

Where practicable, an employee will be given the opportunity to be represented by an official of his/her employee organisation or other person of his/her choice at an interview preceding a formal warning or notice of dismissal.

Instances of such behaviour may include, but are not confined to the following examples:

- Refusing to carry out lawful instructions.
- Unauthorised consumption of alcohol on CDHB premises.
- Assault.
- Disclosing confidential information to an unauthorised person.
- Not being in possession of a required annual practising certificate and claiming reimbursement from the CDHB.
- Use or possession of illicit drugs.
- Working while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

1.1.4 Private Conduct Detrimental to the Best Interest of the Organisation

As a general principle, personal behaviour is of no concern of the Canterbury DHB, except where it interferes with the performance of official duties or reflects on the standing or integrity of the Organisation or the Employee's profession or trade. Therefore employees should not bring the Canterbury DHB or profession into disrepute through their private activities.

Whether such actions fall into the category of Misconduct or Serious Misconduct will depend on the circumstances in each case. In making judgements of this kind, regard should be had to the following factors:

- The nature and circumstances of the activity.
- The position, duties and responsibilities of the Employee.
- The consequences of the activity on the Employee to fulfil her/his duties and responsibilities.

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The effects of the activity or its consequences on working relationships with colleagues, patients, outside contacts and the general public.

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Harassment Policy

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Policy

The Canterbury District Health Board is committed to the principles of being a "good employer". In accordance with those principles, harassment and bullying will not be tolerated.

Purpose

All employees have the right to work for Canterbury District Health Board without being harassed or bullied.

The purpose of this policy is to outline the procedure employees are able to take where they feel subjected to harassment and/or bullying to protect their right to work in an environment which is free from harassment and/or bullying.

It should be noted that sexual and racial harassment are both unlawful in terms of the Human Rights and Employment Relations Acts.

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Scope/Audience

All Employees.

Definitions

Harassment

Harassment occurs when a person is offended, humiliated or intimidated by the actions of others. It includes, but is not limited to the abuse or improper use of power or authority, jokes or innuendo, public displays of offensive material, offensive questions, comments. abuse or gestures, offensive physical contact or physical assault and bullying. Harassment can also be based on gender, race or national origin, religious or ethical belief, political affiliation, employment status, age, and physical disability.

Harassment on the basis of gender or sexual orientation (Sexual Harassment)

Is defined as any situation involving staff in their relationship with management, other staff or users of our services as follows:

- A request for any form of sexual activity where that request contains an implied or overt promise of preferential treatment and/or threat of detrimental treatment.
- The use of unwelcome or offensive language, physical behaviour, or visual material of a sexual nature which is used in a repeated manner or to such a significant extent that it has a detrimental effect on the employee.
- Examples of sexual harassment may include but are not limited to: patting, pinching or touching in a sexual way, dirty jokes, obscene gestures, offensive telephone calls, photographs, reading matter and/or emails, displays of offensive pictures or written material, suggestive remarks about sex or one's personal life, persistent invitations to go out or requests for sexual favours.

Harassment on the basis of race (Racial Harassment)

Is defined in relation to one person versus another in regard to their race as the repeated or detrimental use of language, visual material or physical behaviour that expresses hostility against a person or brings that person into contempt and is both hurtful or offensive, or is either repeated or so severe that it has a detrimental effect on that person.

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Examples of racial harassment may include but are not limited to: language written or verbal, visual material or physical behaviour that brings into contempt or ridicules or expresses hostility against any person on the grounds of race, colour or ethnic or national origins and is hurtful or offensive or is either repeated or of such a significant nature that it has a detrimental effect on a person.

Bullying/Personal Harassment

Is defined as any situation involving staff in their relationship with management, other staff or users of our services as follows:

- Use of force or threats to pressure or coerce a person to do something they would otherwise feel comfortable to debate and/or dispute.
- Examples of bullying/personal harassment may include but are not limited to: intimidation (e.g. shouting, obscene language), emotional abuse (e.g. patronising humiliation, name calling), isolation (e.g. stopping access to other managers/staff, withholding information), coercion and threats, economic abuse (e.g. withholding training or other benefits), positional abuse (eg. unjustifiable and/or inconsistent disciplinary action, being set up to fail with an overload of work).

Associated documents

Canterbury DHB Pamphlet "Harassment" Ref: 0161 Canterbury DHB Pamphlet "Your Rights" Ref: 0208

Guidelines

Any harassment by any person, be they an employee or a person who has contact with our business, will not be tolerated and appropriate action will be taken to remedy any complaint.

Any breach of this policy will be considered as serious misconduct within the terms of the Code of Conduct and upon investigation, may result in disciplinary action and/or dismissal.

Complaint Procedure

Informal Approach

1. You can tell the offender very clearly that you do not like his/her behaviour and ask the person to stop it.

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- 2. You can go to a contact person (HR Advisor) who will assist you or go to a Manager or Supervisor who will:
 - act as, or arrange an appropriate support person if requested by the complainant
 - provide support, advice, and listen to the person with the complaint
 - make appropriate referrals if requested by the complainant, and provide low level resolution such as mediation
- You can go to someone you trust for advice or assistance. Useful contacts are:
 - your union or legal advisor
 - Human Rights Commission
 - Kaumatua or Taua
 - Manager, Human Resources
- 4. Details arising from an informal approach will only be provided to the co-ordinator, (Manager, Human Resources) if agreed by you. An informal approach for advice can be made on a confidential basis.

Formal Approach

If the matter has not been resolved by the informal process, or warrants formal investigation from the outset, you can make a formal written complaint which will be treated in a confidential manner between the parties directly affected/involved. This formal written complaint can be made to:

- Internal
 - Human Resources Advisors (contact person)
 - your Supervisor or Manager
 - Manager, Human Resources
- External
 - your union or legal advisor
 - Human Rights Commission

(Please note if a complaint is made to the Human Rights Commission an employee's right to pursue a personal grievance is restricted. Your union or external advisor can advise further of your legal remedies.)

Your formal written complaint will need to include:

- Details of time, place and what was said or done, and outline the breach to the policy.
- The name of the respondent.
- The names of any witnesses.

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- Details of any action you have taken to date including informal approaches, whether you have spoken to the respondent, etc.
- The expected remedy or outcome you are seeking (optional). Early notification and intervention is desirable and usually results in a more successful outcome.

A record of all formal written complaints will be kept confidentially by the co-ordinator. Possible consequences of your complaint will be discussed with you.

Employer Responsibilities

- Ensure the workplace is free from harassment and bullying.
- Inform all staff about this policy as part of their induction.
- Act immediately should complaints be made to you and ensure that complaints are followed up appropriately, including advice from Human Resources.
- The person receiving the formal complaint must seek HR advice and manage the processes in a procedurally correct manner. In seeking HR advice, consideration should be given that there is sufficient grounds and evidence to carry out an investigation. This will include consultation with the complainant. The Manager, Human Resources shall be advised of all formal written complaints.
- Any investigation must respect the principles of natural justice and generally will follow the procedures as set out in the disciplinary investigation flow chart. This includes but is not limited to:
 - Advising the respondent of the complaint, including copies of the formal written complaint and a record of interview notes with the complainant.
 - Providing the respondent with the opportunity to provide an explanation and to make representations including having any witnesses heard.
 - To be represented and or supported by the person of their choice.
 - An unbiased consideration of the respondent's explanation in that consideration must be free from predetermination and influenced by irrelevant considerations.
 - An explanation if a complaint is discovered to be unfounded or vexatious.

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Contact Person (HR Advisor) will:

- be trained and understand harassment issues.
- be totally familiar with harassment complaints procedure.
- promote awareness and provide training.
- be aware of defamation issues and importance of confidentiality.
- ensure policy and procedures are followed.
- be accessible to individuals and to empower them to approach the alleged harasser with or without support.
- assist complainant to find ways of resolving their issues.

HR Manager Operations will:

- ensure procedures are maintained and up to date.
- establish and maintain networks of contact people.
- ensure training and awareness is provided to contact people regularly.
- monitor and report on issues to the CEO/GM HSS.
- raise awareness through education and promotion.
- ensure staff confidentiality is maintained.

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1 Disciplinary Action

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Introduction

Employee discipline is a difficult managerial task. Even potential disciplinary action situations cause apprehension. There are however principles established for acceptable conduct and performance and these should underpin any disciplinary action.

These situations can occur when expected standards of performance or general conduct of an employee are not being met, or where breaches of the organisation's Code of Conduct occur.

Principles

- 1. Agreement that there are minimum standards of human behaviour and performance so that a harmonious, efficient and safe environment may exist in the workplace.
- 2. It is expected that the Canterbury DHB and employees will act in a responsible manner towards each other, Canterbury DHB property, agents, and clients of Canterbury DHB.
- 3. Canterbury DHB shall have the right to summarily dismiss an employee for serious misconduct and staff recognise the legal rights of the organisation in this regard. The employee will be given the opportunity to explain his/her actions in the presence of the employee's appropriate representative / support person unless the employee stipulates otherwise.
- 4. Canterbury DHB and their staff understand that, because of the complexity of human nature, the difference between serious misconduct and less serious misconduct, and individual interpretations of right and wrong, both parties have an obligation to uphold the principles that are acceptable to society in general.

- 5. Canterbury DHB and its staff accept that less serious misconduct should be corrected before the disciplinary procedure is evoked. Canterbury DHB agrees to provide appropriate support to initiate change where less serious misconduct in relation to behaviour or performance is not acceptable to the work environment.
- 6. The disciplinary procedure and / or termination of employment is seen by the parties as a last resort when positive action, feedback and encouragement, and, where appropriate, employee assistance programmes have failed.

1.1 Disciplinary Procedure

This procedure may be invoked by Canterbury DHB where conduct of an employee takes place which is not in the interests of Canterbury DHB and / or other employees. It is the responsibility of the manager to whom the employee reports and, where appropriate the Professional Leader, to manage this procedure. However, this procedure may be varied after consultation with Human Resources, and an authorised bargaining agent / support person.

For serious misconduct the penalty can be instant dismissal. Alternatively in extenuating circumstances, a final written warning may be issued. Advice on what constitutes serious misconduct and extenuating circumstances should be taken from your Human Resources Advisor, in conjunction with Canterbury DHB Code of Conduct (see page **Error! Bookmark not defined.**).

1.2 Procedural Unfairness (Natural Justice)

Even where there are apparently sound substantive grounds to take a particular action that adversely affects an employee, as a general rule it is unacceptable to do so if the requirements of procedural fairness have not been observed. This is so even though the result appears to be a foregone conclusion. The principles of natural justice represent the basic requirements of fair procedure in most cases.

The minimum requirements are:

- 1. Prior warning to the employee of the meeting to explain the specific allegation of misconduct to which he / she must answer and of the likely consequences if the allegation is established and
- 2. An opportunity, which must be real as opposed to a nominal one, for the employee to refute the allegation or to explain or mitigate his / her conduct and

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- 3. An unbiased consideration of the employee's explanation in the sense that consideration must be free from predetermination and uninfluenced by irrelevant considerations.
- 4. Procedural fairness consists not only of compliance with the principles of natural justice, it also includes compliance with any procedure that may be expressly set out in an employment agreement which can legitimately be expected to be followed.

1.3 Fair Hearing

The right to be heard is one of the most fundamental tenets of natural justice. As well as providing notice of the allegations against the employee he/she must also be told in clear terms:

- 1. dismissal or warning is a possibility
- 2. he / she is entitled to seek assistance from an authorised bargaining agent or other representative and
- 3. any explanations offered will be taken into account.

1.4 Warnings

1.4.1 Verbal Warning

An employee may be given a verbal warning outlining the employee's misconduct or lack of performance and shall be given up to three months for improvement. The warning shall be issued in the presence of the appropriate delegate / support person unless the employee stipulates otherwise.

1.4.2 Written Warning

Should positive action as outlined above fail to bring about the required change in conduct and / or performance and, after discussion with the employee and if there is no satisfactory explanation given, a written warning will be given to the employee by the appropriate supervisor. The written warning will detail the nature of the misconduct and / or poor performance, give a period of up to six months for correction, and a warning of the consequences should the conduct and / or performance not be corrected. This written warning shall be given to the employee concerned in the presence of the appropriate delegate / support person unless the employee stipulates otherwise and a copy of that warning shall be given to the delegate / support person.

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1.4.3 Final Written Warning

Should the conduct or performance not improve, a final written warning will be given to the employee setting out the nature of the misconduct, and / or poor performance allowing up to six months for correction, stating that it is a final warning and warning of the consequences should the conduct and / or performance not be corrected. This final written warning shall be given to the employee concerned in the presence of the appropriate delegate / support person unless the employee stipulates otherwise and a copy of that warning shall be given to the delegate / support person. A copy will be placed in the employee file.

1.4.4 Dismissal

Following the final written warning, should misconduct and / or poor performance not be corrected, the employee will be liable to have his / her employment terminated. Such termination will take place after discussion with Human Resources and the appropriate delegate / support person and the employee concerned.

Professional Obligations

The CDHB has a statutory obligation to inform the responsible registering authority when a health practitioner employee resigns or is dismissed for reasons relating to competence.

Duration of Warnings

If an employee does not breach any of the rules outlined in the warning for a period of 3 months after a verbal warning, 6 months after a written warning or 6 months after a final written warning the warnings shall be treated as having lapsed.

Documentation of Warnings

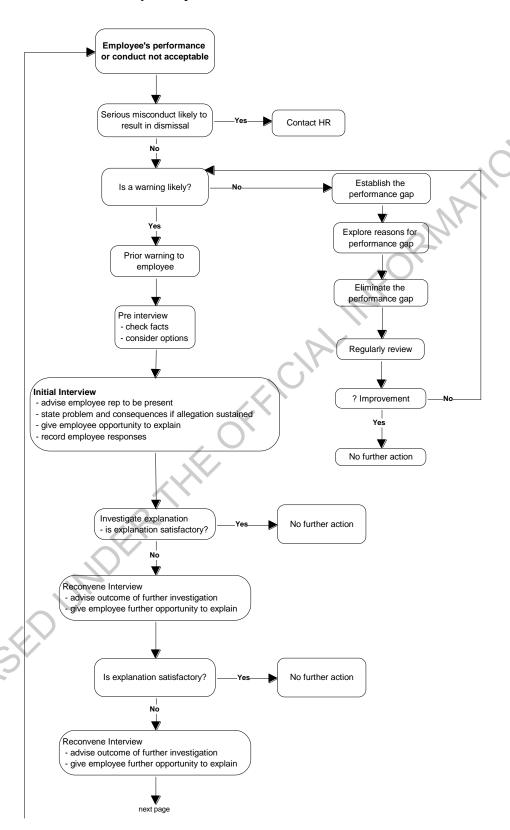
All warnings should be documented in writing and filed in the employee's file. Lapsed warnings should be retained on the employee file.

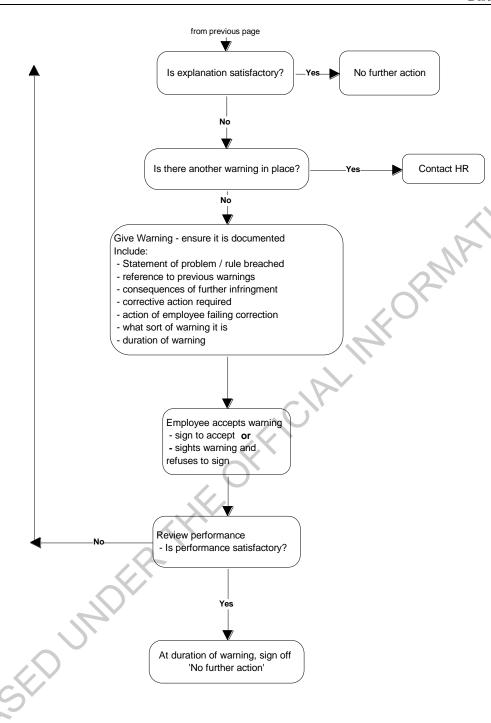
1.5 Authority to Terminate Employment

The authority to terminate employment as a result of disciplinary action must be approved by the line manager of the manager to whom the employee reports.

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1.6 Flowchart of Disciplinary Process





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Purpose

Canterbury District Health and West Coast District Health Boards aim for zero harm occurring to any person within our facilities or care. Implementation of this policy contributes to meeting current legislative requirements, standards (e.g. HDSS 2.4, NZS8134:1:2008) and the Health and Quality Safety Commission (HQSC) Health and Disability Services' National Reportable Events Policy 2012.

Policy

Both the Canterbury District Health Board (DHB) and the West Coast Health Board (WCDHB) are committed to providing safe environment for all individuals. Leadership, education and training, role clarity, teamwork, well designed processes, relevant metrics, and regular feedback are essential for safety in any system. Promotion of safety and prevention of harm must be the first consideration in all actions. However, we recognise that incidents happen and need to be managed effectively to prevent recurrence in the future.

When an incident occurs, immediate remedial action with open disclosure and regular communications with patient/ family/ whanau/ staff through to closure of the incident must be the norm.

These DHBs' promote just cultures, with the focus of any response being on the 'what and how' an incident happened and not on 'who' made an error.

The ability to continuously assure and systematically learn and improve system safety is reliant on having all incidents and 'near misses' accurately recorded. An appropriate level of investigation is then conducted in a timely manner to learn and improve the system, and provide timely information to those involved, services and relevant agencies.

Scope

Inclusion

Applies to all Canterbury and West Coast DHB staff, inclusive of honorary or unpaid employees, temporary employees, students, volunteers, contractors and any other persons working for, or providing services to, these two DHBs'.

This scope includes incidents identified in the respective services and sites and/or during the performance of duties in both clinical and non-clinical settings, and those discovered through reports, team discussions, observation, complaints, audits and other forms of chart review, and reporting for other purposes.

For brevity, the use of the term 'incident' represents both 'incident' and 'near miss' in this policy and the pluralism of DHBs' refers specifically to Canterbury and the West Coast District Health Boards.

Exclusion

Employee incidents are managed under the Health Safety and Wellbeing Policy.

Employment relationship issues are managed under the Employment Relations Act 2000 (and regulations).

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Roles and Responsibilities

Our Workforce

- Work to minimise the occurrence of incidents and continuously improve services.
- Take immediate action to reduce any consequences of an incident, and support open disclosure with patient and/or family.
- Notify all incidents to the clinical leader/ manager at the time and enter incidents into the electronic incident recording system and record fully in clinical notes.
- Participate in the review of an incident and implementation of recommendations made, as requested by their manager, completing any requested activity in a timely manner.

Note: People involved in an incident review are entitled to have a support person of their choice accompany them during interviews.

- Encourage colleagues to report incidents that have been identified.
- Complete an incident form for incidents involving volunteers or other personnel working or providing services to Canterbury DHB.

Clinical Leaders/Managers

For purposes of this policy, is any employee with supervisory responsibilities or line management of any area. In addition to the workforce responsibilities above, clinical leaders/managers:

- Promote excellence, safety, teamwork, open disclosure, learning, and continuous improvement.
- Address the affected person and their family's needs as a priority during the incident management process. This includes timely, co-ordinated communication and development of a meaningful investigation report.
- Ensure appropriate support of staff, and notified appropriate agency personnel when an incident involves a student, (see Appendix 1).
- Manage and review incidents to the required standard within timeframes. Complete hazard registers as necessary.
- Ensure staff have adequate training and are aware of their responsibilities with regard to notifying, and management of incidents and open disclosure.
- Check the accuracy of data, manage access and keep data secure so that privacy and confidentiality requirements for patients and employees are met.
- Ensure that an agreed single point of contact has been identified (either the responsible clinician or a member of the incident review team) who will:
 - keep the patient or the spokesperson for the family briefed on progress throughout the incident review process at regular agreed intervals (at least monthly)
 - arrange for the review team to discuss the final outcome and review report with the patient/family
- Ensure where serious harm has occurred, they contact the appropriate person in charge/ Clinical Lead/ Manager and Department Lead (i.e. Quality and Patient Safety) as soon as practicable who will report incidents to appropriate departments and senior leaders.

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- Notify and seek advice from Quality and Patient Safety Teams, Legal team and senior line managers when handling complex matters.
- Ensure clinical governance activities are robust at department and service level.
 They include monitoring, trending, and constructively using incident, complaints and risk data in system improvement and workforce development.

Quality and Patient Safety Teams

- Provide advice and support to clinical leaders and managers and consult with the Legal Team and senior line managers as required, when handling complex matters.
- Support clinical leaders and managers to ensure the quality of management and review of incidents is to an appropriate standard and completed within set timeframes.
- Provide incident management education and training.
- Ensures processes are in placed so all SAC 3 and 4 Incidents are investigated within 30 calendar days at a divisional level and are closed off by the file manager's manager or designated quality staff.
- Ensure there is a process in place for accuracy of data, manage access and keep data secure so that privacy and confidentiality requirements for patients and employees are met (see Appendix 2).
- Support clinical leaders, managers, clinical governance committees to promote improvement, analyse, monitor, and improve outcomes and safety, and reduce risk. This includes ensuring the use of incident data is for improvement purposes, and not used to the detriment of individuals or services.
- Ensure processes are in place and used to monitor, analyse, and compile divisional reports on incident rates, types, trends and implementation of recommendations and escalate concerns to Clinical Governance bodies.

Serious Harm

- Co-ordinate serious incident reviews using standard processes and templates, monitoring timeliness of report completion, implementation of recommendations and review sign off by the relevant General Manager.
- Ensure that an agreed single point of contact has been identified (either the responsible clinician or a member of the incident review team) who will:
 - keep the patient or the spokesperson for the family briefed on progress throughout the incident review process at regular agreed intervals (at least monthly)
 - arrange for the review team to discuss the final outcome and review report with the patient/family as appropriate
- The members of the CDHB and the WCDHB Serious Incident Review Committees must be notified of a Serious Adverse Event (SAC 1 and 2). A Reportable Event Brief (REB) must be completed and attached to the file within 5 working days. All serious adverse events require a Serious Event Review to be completed within 70 calendar days of notification of the incident. The review approach is decided by the senior team. The report is approved for release by the appropriate General Manager when completed and the event is signed off when the recommendations have been implemented.

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 Ensure evaluation of implemented recommendations from serious harm events occurs within 3 months of completion.

Clinical Governance Committees

In addition to the above:

- Ensure services have adequate clinical governance and risk management processes in place.
- Are proactively promoting safety, reducing risk and sharing learnings.
- Oversee the monitoring of the implementation of recommendations that arise from:
 - Serious Event Review Reports, Coroner reports, Health & Disability Commissioner.
 - ACC treatment injury reports.
 - Trigger Tools.
 - Hazard identification.
- Monitor timeliness of reporting, data accuracy and completion, closure and implementation of recommendations.
- Monitor incident types, trends, recommendation themes and consider how best to approach improvement.
- Embed learnings through systemic change in organisational processes and workforce development systems. Incorporate potential systemic improvement into organisational planning processes.

General Managers

- Ensure clinical governance groups are fully functioning and achieving their terms of reference.
- Monitor serious incident investigation quality, timeliness of reporting, and implementation of recommendations.
- Work with clinical leads and Quality Teams to approve and sign off serious event review reports.
- Sign off serious event reviews following implementation of recommendations, approve closure to Serious Event Review Committees.
- Support monitoring of improvements to ensure sustainability.

Quality and Patient Safety - Corporate

- Has responsibility for application systems administration, upgrades, and assuring governance processes (see Appendix 2).
- Works with regional partners to maintain the integrity of the application and works to maximise full use of its functionality.
- Manages organisational reporting.
- Supports the Serious Event Review Committees and reporting to the Clinical Board and Quality, Finance and Risk Committees (QFARC).

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Serious Incident Review Committees

Through the Corporate Quality and Patient Safety Department, on behalf of the Clinical Leaders and General Managers, the Committees:

- Promote safety and risk reduction.
- Ensure appropriate review methods are utilised for serious event reviews.
- Monitor incident types, trends, recommendation themes and considers how best to approach improvement (excludes staff incidents).
- Oversee system performance including application maintenance, file management performance, report quality, and adequacy of education and training.
- Oversee monitoring of the implementation of recommendations that arise from:
 - Serious Event Review Reports, Coroner reports; or
 - Health & Disability Commissioner; or
 - Ministry of Health reported system improvements of ACC treatment injury reports; or.
 - Trigger Tools; or
 - Any other sources of incident or near miss data.
 - Monitor timeliness of serious event review reporting, sign off, and implementation of recommendations.
 - Close Serious Event Review Reports (severity assessment code (SAC) 1 and
 with completed recommendations when approved by General Managers.
 - Ensure the privacy, confidentiality of individual incident data; assure the integrity of data, access management and keep the system secure.
 - Approve incident review templates, tools as well as education and training.
 - Ensure lessons learnt are shared across the organisation.
 - Link to the South Island Safety1st Control Group and Quality and Safety Alliance.

Clinical Boards

Across all areas of CDHB and WCDHB responsibilities (including strategic planning and resource allocation):

- 1. an improved focus on patient and population health outcomes
- 2. robust quality improvement systems
- 3. more effective inter-departmental and inter-organisational functioning
- a culture of innovation and best practice
- 5. a skilled and well-supported health workforce.

CEO and Executive Management Teams

The DHB executive management teams will proactively lead strategies, principles, policies and practices that promote optimal outcomes, well designed patient centred systems, and an environment conducive to respect, safety, teamwork and learning.

Quality and Finance Review Committees

On behalf of the respective DHBs', the committees promote safety, and ensure adequate systems are in place to effectively manage incidents, share learnings, and maintain privacy, confidentiality and integrity of individuals' data in the system.

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Measurement or Evaluation

Reports demonstrate improvement in regard to key performance indicators, incident trends and improvement actions, including meeting investigation completion timeframes.

The Institute of Healthcare Improvement Global Trigger Tool is used to measure the overall level of harm in our health care organisations. A consistent sample of clinical records are assessed at regular intervals providing a reliable measure on which to judge AFORMATION AS harm levels over time. Incident reports are provided for 'reported' harm.

Associated Documents

Canterbury and West Coast DHB documents e.g.

- Health Safety and Wellbeing
- Informed consent
- Open disclosure
- Complaints
- ACC Treatment Injury Claims process
- Notification of Serious Wrongdoing
- Consumer, family and whanau feedback
- Fluid and Medication Management
- Adverse Reactions Identification
- Clinical Incident Management Guide
- Safety1st training materials
- Safety1st office procedures
- Canterbury Serious Event Review Committee Terms of Reference
- Contracts with tertiary education providers.

Forms

South Island Regional Safety 1st Reporting Forms

Canterbury DHB Reportable Event Brief (REB)

West Coast DHB Reportable Event Brief (REB)

Electrical Accident Notification Form (available from www.ess.govt.nz)

Form for reporting Adverse Reactions to Medicines, Vaccines and Devices and all Clinical Events for IMMP (available from www.otago.ac.nz/carm or www.medsafe.govt.nz

Definitions

Harm

This refers to any physical or emotional injury to a patient or visitor, or damage to property or the environment. Patient harm is unrelated to the natural course of the patient's illness or underlying conditions, and differs from the expected outcome of the health care provided.

Serious harm is determined by a SAC score of 1 or 2.

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Hazard

This is an activity, arrangement, incident or substance that is an actual or potential source of harm, or gradual process condition.

Incident

This is an unplanned or unexpected event resulting in, or having the potential for harm, ill health, damage, loss or disruption to service delivery. This includes being verbally abused by any person (visitor, patient or staff).

Just Culture

A just culture recognises that professionals make mistakes and acknowledges that even competent professionals will develop unhealthy norms (shortcuts, 'routine violations') which need to be addressed. A just approach has zero tolerance for reckless behaviour.

Near Miss

This is an incident which under different circumstances could have caused harm to a consumer but did not, and which is indistinguishable from an adverse event in all but outcome (definition from National Reportable Events Policy 2012).

Open Disclosure

Open disclosure or communication refers to the timely and transparent approach to communicating, engaging with, and supporting consumers and their families (whānau) when things go wrong - refer to the Open Disclosure Policy.

An apology is made and, if an investigation is to take place, those concerned are advised and may be involved, and always receive the report.

Review Methods

Both DHBs' have developed robust methods of review:

1. Serious Event Review (SER)

This type of review involves a full team of staff (process support, technical expert(s), content expert(s), frontline staff member and possibly a consumer) gathering information about the incident and producing a report. The Canterbury DHB's Serious Event Review report template encompasses key aspects of both of the following recognised methodologies:

Root Cause Analysis (RCA): A systematic, review where factors that led to an incident are identified in order to establish the contributing factors/hazards/causes. The focus is on systems and processes rather than individuals.

London Protocol: A process of incident investigation and analysis designed to be a structured process of reflection on incidents providing a 'window on the healthcare system' (Vincent, QSHC 2004).

2. Independent File Review (IFR) – (includes 'clinical review')

An independent file review is a detailed and thorough review following a patient sustaining significant harm or a near miss event with the potential for significant harm. It uses a similar approach to the SER, although is less resource intense than the SER methodology, in that the review may initially be conducted by two people (may be one

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person for Specialist Mental Health only) and then the report approved by a committee.

3. Service Level Review

A review by senior department staff that are independent from the treating team. The incident is discussed by the multidisciplinary team (MDT) then a nominated person writes a brief report [LINK] which is then agreed by the MDT.

- 4. Mortality & Morbidity Review (includes 'facilitated interdepartmental review')
 - Mortality and Morbidity Reviews (M&Ms) are a routine, structured forum for the open examination and review of cases involving patient illness or death. The aim is to collectively learn from these events and to improve future patient management and quality of care.
- 5. Post Falls or Pressure Injury Event Review

Utilises a specifically developed, concise Post Falls or Pressure Injury Human Factors Assessment Tool [LINK] to review all the relevant factors that may have contributed to the event occurring.

6. Standard Line Manager Review

A simple process by the line manager of evaluating the details recorded in Safety 1st, gathering additional information if required, identifying contributing factors and implementing and recording any actions taken in Safety 1st.

Severity Assessment Code (SAC)

SAC is a numerical score given to an incident. This is based on the consequence or outcome of the incident and the likelihood that it will recur - refer to the HQSC website.

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Appendix 1

Ara Institute of Canterbury Requirements

When an Ara student or any teaching staff are involved in an incident, the standard Canterbury DHB incident management process is utilised. The appropriate Ara Clinical Liaison Nurse and ents over ti
ents Canterbury DHB Director of Nursing or delegate (e.g. Duty Nurse Manager after-hours) is notified at the time an incident occurs.

Any records are to be completed with Ara involvement in the process. Tracking events over time

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Appendix 2

Summary of Safety1st Support

(Manager includes administrative or clinical leader/ manager or service managers)

Ref	Service		Provided By	Provided To (Users)
Prere	equisites			
P1	Orientation and expectations about staff reporting of incidents (local escalation process)	Provide orientation and support to new staff about the incident management policy and local procedures	Manager or delegate	All staff new to area
P2	Corporate orientation	Overview of Safety1 st and how to submit an incident	Online programme	All new staff
P3	Standards for investigation and follow up for improvement	Establish, teach and support the required level of investigation into incidents, action plan and track improvements. This includes data quality and completion	Divisional Quality Teams	New managers or investigators
P4	Local clinical governance	Active clinical governance in which incident reporting, issues / themes and improvement actions are discussed/ shared/ planned, and tracked	Local service	Clinical leaders managers
A. L	OCAL AREA Safety1st S	SUPPORT		
A1	Request for new Safety1st file manager/GM access	Determine the access need and put in request to Quality Team	Manager recruiting	Quality Teams
A2	Resigning file manager access	Notify Safety1st and Quality Team	Manager recruiting	Quality Teams
A3	Orientation to investigation requirements and tools to new file managers	Provide orientation and support to new file managers and senior managers	Manager recruiting	Divisional Quality Team
A4	Clinical governance	Ensure active clinical governance in which incident reporting, issues / themes and improvement actions are discussed/ shared/ planned, and tracked	File manager	Team

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Ref	Service		Provided By	Provided To (Users)
	OCAL DHB DIVISIONA	Safety1st SUPPORT	11011aca by	11011404 10 (03013)
B1	Determine Safety1st file manager requirements	Determine the access rights, widgets and alert requirements of new managers and request to Safety1st	Divisional Quality Teams	Safety1st Office
B2	Orientation to investigation requirements and tools	Provide orientation and support to new file managers and senior managers	Divisional Quality Teams	File Managers and above
В3	Investigation and data quality	Review and assure the quality of data submitted	File Manager	Divisional Quality Team
B4	Investigation and data quality, and closing events	Review and assure the quality of investigation, actions, data submitted then close event	Divisional Quality Teams	CDHB
B5	Set up access to required reports for senior managers	Identify required reports and establish access	Divisional Quality Teams	File managers and senior managers
В6	Set up of specific reports	Identify required reports and request access	Divisional Quality Teams	File managers and senior managers
В7	File Management Training	Hand on training on how to manage a file	IS Trainers or Divisional Quality Teams	New File Managers
B8	Request file deletion	For forms that are started but then it is assessed t to that there is no incident report	File Manager or service based QI staff	Divisional Quality Team
C. S	ERVICE DESK Safety1s	SUPPORT		
C1	ISG problems	Provide technical support to users for computer and network problems, Escalate software problems to the Safety1st Office and RL6	Service Desk	Workforce
	DHB & WCDHB Safety			
D1	Set up file manager on the system	Set up a new file manager in the application within 3 days of receiving the written request	Safety 1 st Team	Manager recruiting
D2	File manager resignation	Archive file managers who have left position	Safety 1 st Team	CDHB & WCDHB Safety 1 st Teams

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Ref	Service		Provided By	Provided To (Users)
D3	Set up CDHB &	Configure reports based on	Safety 1 st Team	CDHB & West Coast
	WCDHB reports	approved operational data		Corporate Quality
		definitions		
		Keep a record of definitions		
		etc and a history of		
		changes to reports as per		
		document/ version control	0 C	51.1.1.1.0.1II
D4	Provide advice		Safety 1 st Team	Divisional Quality
D.F.	Doloto Filos		Cafata 1st Tagas	Managers
D5	Delete Files		Safety 1 st Team	CDHB & WCDHB
				Corporate Quality Manager
D6	Training	Provide training objectives,	Safety 1 st Team	CDHB Corporate
	Training	delivery methods and	Sujety 1 realit	CDITO COLPOTATE
		evaluation tools for		0
		training		
D7	Core training	Keep up to date and	Safety 1 st Team	CDHB & WCDHB
	materials	document control training		Corporate
		resources		
D8	Audit system	Develop, manage and	Safety 1 st Team	CDHB & WCDHB
	quality	monitor end to end quality		Corporate
		assurance processes		
	REGIONAL Safety 1st SU			
E1	Provide RL6	RL Solutions / Regional Sys	SI Safety 1 ^{st Team}	South Island Region
	Software and	Admin Group		
	Updates	COLUD	150	6 11 1 15 1
E2	Provide	CDHB	ISG	South Island Region
	Infrastructure			
	Hosting Services for RL6			
E3	Provide Level 3	CDHB	SI Safety 1 st	South Island Region
	Centralised Contact	CDIID	Team	South Island Region
	point for Technical	\mathcal{I}	ream	
	Liaising with RL			
	Solutions			
F. C	DHB Safety 1st CHANG	SE REQUESTS		
F1	Request for	Identify the problem to be	Divisional	CDHB & WCDHB
	changes	overcome and the	Quality	Safety1 st Team
		outcome to be achieved	Manager	
F2	Clarification of	Establish problem issue to	CDHB Safety1 st	Submitting Quality
	request	be solved, clarify if	Теат	Managers
		configuration, functionality		
		or training issue		
F3	Change impact and	Analyse changes, suggest	SI Safety1 st	Director, Quality
	analyses	options	Team	&Patient Safety

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F4	Oution.		Provided By	Provided To (Users)
G.	Option	Confirm option selection	Quality	Regional Safety1st
G. S	endorsement	and determine if change is	Managers	Office
G.		to go on regional register	Meeting	
	SI TEAM CHANGE REQI			
G1	Development of	Regional User and	SI Safety 1 st	South Island Region
	system	taxonomy forum	Team	
	enhancements	0	CLC C + 4st	6 11 1 15 1
G2	Approval of system enhancements	Control Group	SI Safety 1 st Team	South Island Region
G3	Regional Sys Admin	Regional Sys Admin Group	CL Confort 15t	South Island Region
G5	Support	(Client Key Contacts)	Team	South Island Region
		(Client Key Contacts)	CIALINI	0

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Code of Conduct For Staff

1. Purpose

The West Coast District Health Board (WCDHB) has established this staff Code of Conduct to ensure that staff have a clear indication of behaviour expectations.

2. Application

This Procedure is to be followed by all staff throughout the WCDHB.

3. Definitions

There are no definitions associated with this Procedure.

4. Responsibilities

For the purposes of this Code every WCDHB staff member has three primary obligations under this Code of Conduct:

- i) a duty of care to observe all professional and legal standards;
- ii) an obligation to WCDHB in terms of responsible stewardship of its resources and protection of its reputation in the wider community;
- iii) an obligation to act appropriately when a conflict of interest arises.

5. Resources Required

This Code requires no specific resources.

6. Process

- 1.00 This Code of Conduct is intended to guide WCDHB staff members to identify and resolve issues of ethical conduct that may arise out of their employment. It is designed to guide staff in their dealings with their colleagues, patients/clients, WCDHB and the wider community.
- 1.01 This Code of Conduct is written as a set of general principles rather than a detailed prescription. The Code of Conduct stands beside but does not exclude or replace the rights and obligations of staff members under common law. Breaches of the Code of Conduct should be read in conjunction with the WCDHB Staff Discipline, Suspension and Dismissal Procedure.
- 1.02 It is the responsibility of all practitioners to know the provisions of the Health Professionals Competency Assurance Act as their governing legislation.
- 1.03 It is the responsibility of all practitioners to notify the employer if there is any change in scope of practice that impacts on ability to practice, which includes:
 - Not being in possession of an annual practising certificate or any other professional practising requirement where required by legislation and/or falsely claiming reimbursement from the WCDHB; or
 - Failure to notify the WCDHB of a change in their scope of practice that

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West Coast – District Health Board – Te Poari Hauora a Rohe o Tai Poutini

Code of Conduct For Staff

may have an effect on their ability to carry out the duties and functions of your position.

- 1.04 With respect to their duty of care, all WCDHB staff members will at all times:
 - undertake professional clinical practice in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Health and Disability Services Consumers Rights;
 - treat other WCDHB staff members with respect;
 - not breach any professional/clinical Code of Practice or Code of Ethics that governs the staff member's professional practice
 - comply with all lawful and reasonable instructions and to work as directed;
 - not allow personal relationships to affect professional relationships;
 - not enter into sexual or inappropriate relationships with a patient/client;
 - refrain from all forms of harassment; as detailed in the WCDHB Prevention of Harassment Procedure;
 - abide by all WCDHB Policies, Procedures, Guidelines and Regulations;
 - give due credit to the contributions of other WCDHB staff members;
 - consider carefully the desirability of intervening constructively where a colleague's behavior is clearly in breach of this Code, and be prepared to report any suspected fraud, corruption, criminal or unethical conduct to a General / Senior manager;
 - consider the impact of one's own decisions and actions on the well-being of others (both staff and patients/clients) especially with regard to safety;
 - respect an individual's (staff and patient/clients) right to privacy and under-take to keep personal information in confidence in accordance with relevant WCDHB Policies, Procedures and Guidelines, as well as the requirements of the Privacy Act (and Amendments) and the Health Information Privacy Code.
- 1.05 With respect to their obligation to WCDHB, staff members will at all times:
 - refrain from representing themselves as spokes-persons for the WCDHB unless authorised to do so;
 - refrain from representing themselves as acting for, or on behalf of WCDHB unless authorised to do so;
 - refrain from engaging in any outside activities that would compromise the integrity and standing of WCDHB;
 - avoid improper use of the resources of WCDHB for private gain or for the gain of a third party;
 - not incur any liability on the part of WCDHB without proper authorisation;
 - not disclose confidential WCDHB information or information relating to any of its activities, and shall use their best endeavours to prevent the publication or disclosure of the same.
- 1.06 With respect to conflict of interests, WCDHB staff members should take suitable measures to avoid, or appropriately deal with, any situation in which they may have, or

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Code of Conduct For Staff

be seen to have, a conflict of interest arising out of their relationship with another staff member or client/patient.

- 1.07 Where both a supervisory role and significant relationship between WCDHB staff members exists, supervision must be openly seen to be of the highest professional standard and should not unfairly advantage or disadvantage the WCDHB staff member being supervised.
- 1.08 All WCDHB staff members must take care that their financial and other pecuniary interests and actions do not conflict or seem to conflict with the obligations and requirements of their position of employment.
- 1.09 Where a staff member finds themselves in a situation of a conflict or potential conflict of interest, they should declare this in writing to their Manager. The staff member should deliberately exempt themselves from any decision-making or approval process associated with situations where a conflict of interest might arise.

7. Precautions and Considerations

Every WCDHB staff member has three primary obligations under this Code of Conduct:

- i) a duty of care to observe all professional and legal standards;
- ii) an obligation to WCDHB in terms of responsible stewardship of its resources and protection of its reputation in the wider community;
- iii) an obligation to act appropriately when a conflict of interest arises.

8. References

WCDHB Staff Discipline, Suspension and Dismissal Procedure.

9. Related Documents

WCDHB Staff Discipline, Suspension and Dismissal Procedure.

	Version:	9
	Developed By:	Corporate Services: HR
Revision	Authorised By:	Chief Executive Officer
History	Date Authorised:	September 1996
	Date Last Reviewed:	December 2018
	Date Of Next Review:	June 2019

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Purpose

The West Coast District Health Board (WCDHB) is committed to the principles of being a "good employer" and will not tolerate harassment and bullying by any person, be they an employee or a person who has contact with the organisation. Minimising harassment will assist in maintaining a healthy working environment and add to the dignity of human endeavour in this organisation. To this end, WCDHB has a zero tolerance for all forms of harassment.

2. Application

This Procedure is to be followed by all staff throughout WCDHB.

3. Definitions

Behaviour that is considered bullying or harassment by one person may be considered firm management by another. Most people will agree on extreme cases of bullying and harassment but it is sometimes the 'grey' areas that cause most problems.

Bullying and harassment are not necessarily face-to-face; they may be by written communications, electronic email, phone etc. It can often be hard to recognise and may not be obvious to others, and may be insidious. The recipient may think 'perhaps this is normal behaviour in this organisation'. They may be anxious that others will consider them weak, or not up to the job, if they find the actions of others intimidating. They may be accused of 'overreacting', and worry that they won't be believed if they do report incidents. People being bullied or harassed may sometimes appear to overreact to something that seems relatively trivial but which may be the 'last straw' following a series of incidents.

There is often fear of retribution if they do make a complaint. Colleagues may be reluctant to come forward as witnesses, as they too may fear the consequences for themselves. They may be so relieved not to be the subject of the bully themselves that they collude with the bully as a way of avoiding attention.

Examples of what is bullying or harassment behaviour include:

- spreading malicious rumours, or insulting someone (particularly on the grounds of race, sex, disability, sexual orientation, age and religion or belief)
- ridiculing, blaming or demeaning someone picking on them or setting them up to fail
- exclusion or victimization
- unfair treatment
- overbearing supervision or other misuse of power or position
- unwelcome sexual advances touching, standing too close, display of offensive materials
- making threats or comments about job security
- deliberately undermining a competent worker by overloading and constant criticism
- preventing individuals progressing by intentionally blocking promotion or training

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• opportunities, for unjustifiable reasons. (NOTE - This is not intended to be an exhaustive list.)

The important factor is that it is the effect on the recipient, rather than the motive of the alleged harasser.

4. Responsibilities

For the purposes of this Procedure:

all Staff Members are required to:

• act and behave in a manner which maintains WCDHB free from harassment and workplace bullying.

the People and Capability Advisor is required to:

• assist the relevant Manager with the investigation of any complaint of harassment or workplace bullying.

5. Resources Required

This Procedure requires no specific resources.

Process

- 1.0 Introduction
- 1.01 The WCDHB recognises that harassment and bullying behaviours create an intimidating and unpleasant atmosphere at work, which can impact on the well being of staff and service delivery. The WCDHB aims to develop a working environment where individuals are able to conduct their duties without interference from bullying or harassment. All staff should feel able to report incidents of harassment in the knowledge that complaints will be dealt with promptly, sensitively and in confidence.
- 1.02 Bullying or harassment may be by an individual against an individual (perhaps by someone in a position of authority such as a Manager or Supervisor) or involve groups of people. It may be obvious or it may be insidious. Whatever form it takes, it is unwarranted and unwelcome to the individual.
- 1.03 All staff have personal responsibility for their own behaviour and for ensuring that they comply with this Procedure. There are a number of things that staff can do to help prevent harassment, such as:
 - i. Set a positive example by treating others with respect.
 - ii. Be aware of the WCDHB's Procedure and comply with it.
 - iii. Do not make personal comments.

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- iv. Do not accept behaviour that may be offensive when directed against you or others, and take positive action to ensure that it is challenged and/or reported.
- v. Be supportive of colleagues who may be subject to bullying and/or harassment.
- 1.04 All Managers have a responsibility to implement this Procedure and to bring it to the attention of staff in their work area, in order to establish and maintain a work environment free of harassment. They must:
 - i. treat a complaint seriously and deal with it promptly and confidentially, giving the employee and the alleged perpetrator full support during the whole process
 - ii. set a positive example by treating others with respect and setting standards of acceptable behaviour; also, promote a working environment where harassment is unacceptable and not tolerated
 - iii. tackle, and where possible, resolve incidents of harassment
 - iv. consult with the HR Department at any time for advice and support.
- 1.05 Problems should be dealt with in a way that facilitates positive long-term relationships. The informal procedure is normally better for all concerned as solutions can be reached speedily, with minimum embarrassment and risk of breaching confidentiality. When informal resolution has been unsuccessful, those involved should be offered the option of undertaking mediation as a further way to resolve the conflict before moving to a formal process.
- 1.06 If a staff member is subject to bullying / harassment but they do not feel able to talk about it yet, they are encouraged to make notes including dates and details which will help recall events clearly at a later date. Staff can also contact the HR Department, Workplace Support, EAP or union representative for advice and support.
- 1.07 Managers and staff are reminded of the importance of keeping a record of all complaints, whether dealt with informally or formally. Managers should consult with the HR Department before any communication with the member of staff regarding the outcome.
- 1.08 The WCDHB recognizes the importance of swift and appropriate handling of complaints and will ensure that any investigations are given the high priority. Staff appointed as investigating officers must be given time to complete the investigation within a reasonable timescale, and must be appointed as early as possible within this process.
- 1.09 All allegations of harassment will be treated sensitively in order to safeguard the integrity of the employees involved. Both the victim of harassment and the alleged perpetrator will have the right to representation and support to help resolve problems.
- 1.10 The WCDHB has a duty of care to its staff. It is responsible for health and well-being of employees whilst they are at work. To fulfill this duty there may be occasions where

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allegations of harassment and bullying which have been disclosed will be acted upon without the employee's consent. This will be in exceptional circumstances where employees' health and well-being is deemed to be at risk, there are safety issues or there is a risk to people who use WCDHB services, employees or others.

- 1.11 The WCDHB may take action under its Staff Discipline Procedure up to and including dismissal, against any member of staff who harasses or victimises another member of staff.
- 1.12 Any member of staff who victimises or retaliates against another member of staff for bringing a claim of bullying/harassment in connection with an investigation, will be subject to disciplinary action under the WCDHB Staff Discipline Procedure.
- 1.13 The Management of WCDHB will ensure that all WCDHB staff members are made aware of their obligations and rights with regards to harassment and workplace bullying. This will be achieved through:
 - the Staff Orientation Programme; and
 - incorporation of harassment and workplace bullying education into staff
 - professional development education programmes; and

2.00 Informal Process

- 2.01 There are many approaches to the informal procedure and choosing which one to undertake will probably be dictated by the nature of the behaviour, the context and circumstances in which it occurred.
- 2.02 Sometimes incidents of harassment are misunderstandings of what is, and what is not acceptable behaviour. An informal discussion involving all parties, may lead to a greater understanding, which may resolve the issue.
- 2.03 The individual (i.e. the affected staff member) may prefer to discuss the matter with someone else before trying to tackle the problem themselves. Advice and support in approaching a perceived harasser is available from various sources, including their Line Manager, another Manager, a Senior Manager, OSH Advisor, HR Department, Workplace Support or EAP.
- 2.04 There are a number of ways of dealing with unacceptable behaviour. If the individual feels confident, they should politely and calmly ask the harasser to stop. Clearly stating;
 - the actions/comments that are considered unacceptable
 - why the actions/comments are considered unacceptable
- 2.05 The individual could keep a diary detailing comments and events, including the date, time, names of those involved and names of any witnesses and who, if anybody, was advised. Before proceeding with this course of action the individual should seek advice and support

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- from their Manager or the HR Department. This information maybe useful at a later stage if problems continue and a more formal means of resolution are pursued.
- 2.06 Where an individual decides to take no further action but their Manager or another staff member perceives that there is still a risk to the individual, they should seek advice from the HR Department. Where possible, Managers and other staff members should make every effort to obtain the individual's consent prior to discussing the matter with the HR Department.
- 2.07 Managers should ensure that they keep appropriate written notes of any discussions or informal actions taken under this section of the Procedure.
- 2.08 If informal methods fail to reach a resolution, the individual or their Manager can suggest mediation. If the issues are not suitable for mediation, or mediation fails to bring about a resolution, the complaint should then be investigated under the formal part of this Procedure (Section 3.00).

3.00 Formal Process

- 3.01 Where the informal procedure has been unsuccessful, or individuals do not wish to pursue any of the informal options, or if the incident is of a serious nature, a formal complaint should be made. Details of the complaint, including dates, times and descriptions of incidents should be put in writing making it clear that the matter is being raised under this Procedure.
- 3.02 The right of all parties to privacy and confidentiality will be respected.
- 3.03 The Manager will acknowledge the complaint in writing within 5 working days and ensure the complainant is aware of the procedure that will be followed and the support that is available to them throughout the process. The Manager will meet with the complainant to seek any clarification necessary and to explain the procedure and outline the timescales involved. They will also advise them of their right to representation. These arrangements will be confirmed in writing.
- 3.04 The Manager will arrange to meet the alleged harasser in person as soon as possible to inform them that a complaint has been made against them and provide them with a copy of the written complaint. They will advise them of the next steps in accordance with the formal procedure and the support that is available to them throughout the process. They will also advise them of their right to representation. These arrangements will be confirmed in writing
- 3.05 The next step will be for an investigation to be undertaken, as per Section 3.00 of the WCDHB Staff Discipline, Suspension and Dismissal Procedure.
- 3.06 The Manager should consider discussing with the complainant and alleged harasser the steps to be taken to manage any difficulties that may occur in the workplace pending the outcome of the investigation.

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3.07 At the conclusion of the investigation all parties involved should be given appropriate and relevant feedback.

7. Precautions and Considerations

- All staff members are required to act and behave in a manner which maintains WCDHB is free from harassment and workplace bullying
- → WCDHB is committed to the operation of human resource policies that comply with the principle of being a "good employer"

8. References

There are no references associated with this Procedure.

9. Related Documents

WCDHB Staff Discipline, Suspension and Dismissal Procedure.

Employment Relations Act (2000) and Amendments.

Human Rights Act (1993).

New Zealand Bill Of Rights Act (1990).

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	Developed By:	Human Resources Department
Revision	Authorised By:	Chief Executive Officer
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1. Purpose

West Coast District Health Board (WCDHB) considers that there are minimum standards of behaviour, performance and responsibility expected between the organisation and its employees. WCDHB may utilise warnings, suspensions and/or dismissal Procedures in order to ensure the efficient performance and exercise of its functions. These Procedures apply to all staff but do not replace ongoing feedback, which is to be used in the first instance. These procedures are to be applied as a last resort where appropriate remedial actions have failed.

2. Application

These Procedures are to be followed by all staff throughout WCDHB.

3. Definitions

For the purposes of this Procedure:

Conduct Detrimental to the Best Interest of WCDHB is defined as:

- a) a conviction of a serious offence in a Court of Law which is punishable by imprisonment; or
- b) a conviction of an offence relating to the possession, receiving and/or supply of drugs, and may lead to suspension or dismissal.

4. Responsibilities

For the purposes of this Procedure:

the *Chief Executive* (CE) (or their Designate) is to:

- act in a fair and reasonable manner with regard to all aspects of staff discipline;
- evaluate all evidence and act in a procedurally fair manner where discipline, suspension or dismissal of staff is required;
- seek advice (where required) from the People and Capability Advisor before taking any disciplinary action.

the **People and Capability Advisor** is to:

- act in a fair and reasonable manner with regard to all aspects of staff discipline;
- provide advice/direction, education and information to staff and managers (including the CE).

the *General Managers* are to:

- act in a fair and reasonable manner with regard to all aspects of staff discipline;
- To make recommendations to the People and Capability Advisor/ CE regarding suspension or dismissal of staff;
- evaluate all evidence and act in a procedurally fair manner where discipline, suspension or dismissal of staff is required;

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• seek advice and direction from the People and Capability Advisor before taking any disciplinary action.

the *Heads of Departments* (HODs) are to:

- ensure all staff they are responsible for are aware of their responsibilities, including the WCDHB Code of Conduct for Staff;
- act in a fair and reasonable manner with regard to all aspects of staff discipline;
- make recommendations to the relevant General Manager, People and Capability Advisor and CE regarding suspension or dismissal of staff;
- evaluate all evidence and act in a procedurally fair manner where discipline, suspension or dismissal of staff is required;
- seek advice and direction from the People and Capability Advisor before taking any disciplinary action.

5. Resources Required

Letters (all disciplinary Procedures must be recorded in writing)

6. Process

1.00 Definitions Of Misconduct

- 1.01 For the purposes of this Procedure, misconduct is divided into three sections.
- 1.02 **Misconduct / Poor Performance** is defined as offences that may lead to disciplinary procedures being invoked and can include, **but is not limited to** the following:
 - (a) failure to comply with Policies, Procedures and Guidelines of WCDHB;
 - (b) being absent from work for three consecutive days without notification via the WCDHB Leave Procedure (constitutes voluntary termination of employment);
 - (c) misuse or unauthorised use of WCDHB tools, equipment, supplies, or vehicles;
 - (d) defacing WCDHB property or posting offensive notices throughout WCDHB facilities;
 - (e) an act or performance that is contrary to the maintenance of a satisfactory standard of service or to the efficiency of that service;
 - f) being absent from an assigned place of work during work hours without approval;
 - (g) failure to notify a Manager if unable to commence work at the required time, without good reason;
 - (h) failure to complete normal hours of work, except by reason of illness or personal emergency;
 - (i) habitual lateness for work;
 - (j) refusal to perform legitimate work or dereliction of duty;
 - (k) disobedience or disregard of/or wilful default relating to any lawful instruction;
 - (l) negligence, carelessness, indolence, inefficiency or incompetence with regard to the discharge of duties;
 - (m) gambling on WCDHB premises;

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- (n) failure to maintain an appropriate standard of dress;
- (o) failure to record and report any accident or incident involving staff members, patients or visitors;
- (p) failure to report to a Manager any accident or incident involving personal injury or damage to WCDHB property.
- 1.03 **Serious Misconduct** is defined as those offences that are more serious than those defined as misconduct/poor performance, and because of this seriousness will result in disciplinary procedures being invoked that may include suspension or dismissal. Serious misconduct can include, **but is not limited to** the following:
 - (a) serious failure to comply with Policies, Procedures and Guidelines of WCDHB, in particular:
 - i. WCDHB Health and Safety Procedures
 - ii. WCDHB Prevention of Harassment Procedure
 - iii. WCDHB Information Technology Procedures
 - (b) falsification of time sheets, leave sheets, submitting false claims for expenses or otherwise knowingly making false statements;
 - (c) use of abusive or offensive language to another staff member, patient or visitor;
 - (d) behaviour affecting or likely to affect the safety, or cause injury or unreasonable distress to a patient, visitor or other staff member;
 - (e) unauthorised access to confidential information relating to a current or past patient, resident or staff member;
 - (f) disclosure to unauthorised persons of confidential information relating to a current or past patient, resident or staff member;
 - (g) wilful damage to WCDHB property;
 - (h) assaulting any person on WCDHB property;
 - (i) possession or removal of WCDHB property without authorisation, possession of a patient's or resident's property without authorisation, or possession of a staff member's property without that staff member's permission;
 - (j) sleeping during working hours in situations affecting the safety of patients, residents or other staff members;
 - (k) inappropriate, offensive or disruptive behaviour at place of work or elsewhere on a WCDHB facility;
 - (l) unauthorised use of fire protection or safety equipment;
 - (m) possession of an offensive weapon on WCDHB premises;
 - (n) providing false or misleading information as part of the recruitment process or a failure to disclose information relevant to the recruitment process (as per the WCDHB Staff Recruitment and Selection Procedure);
 - (o) any discussion relating to WCDHB activities with representatives of the news media without the prior authorisation of the Chief Executive Officer;
 - (p) failure to observe posted or otherwise stated safety Procedure;
 - (q) undermining the authority of a Manager;
 - (r) engaging in conduct detrimental to the best interests of WCDHB;
 - (s) unauthorised consumption of drugs on WCDHB premises;
 - (t) consuming alcohol on WCDHB premises or bringing alcohol onto WCDHB premises without the prior authorization of the Chief Executive Officer;

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(u) reporting for work under the influence of alcohol, drugs or in such a condition that prevents the employee from performing their duties safely, efficiently or to the satisfaction of their Manager.

2.00 <u>Disciplinary Process</u>

- 2.01 The use of disciplinary actions by WCDHB will comply with the following criteria:
 - (a) the purpose of disciplinary action is to be corrective in nature and to prevent recurrence;
 - (b) a staff member must be given notice of the specific allegations of misconduct to which they must answer and of the likely consequences if the allegation is established. A staff member must also be told he/she is entitled to seek assistance from an authorised bargaining agent or representative;
 - (c) the disciplinary process must be applied in an equitable and fair manner, following the principles of natural justice;
 - (d) similar disciplinary action will be taken in respect of similar acts of misconduct;
 - (e) the disciplinary process will be implemented as soon as is practicable after the alleged act of misconduct occurs;
 - (e) staff, patient and public safety is paramount;
 - (f) that the dismissal of a staff member is a very serious matter and should only occur if there is no other appropriate means of resolving the situation;
 - (g) the disciplinary process will be implemented as soon as is practicable after the alleged act of misconduct occurs;
 - (h) where professional incompetence or misconduct has led to disciplinary action taking place this must be reported to the professional leader and General Manager who should consider reporting it to the appropriate registration authority;
 - (i) where a health professional either resigns or is dismissed for reasons related to competence the WCDHB has a statutory obligation to inform registration authority.

3.00 Investigation Process

- 3.01 Upon receipt of a complaint or information relating to alleged misconduct by a WCDHB staff member, the relevant Manager shall investigate (or General Manager in the case of a Manager or CE (or their designate) in the case of a General Manager) and ensure that they have all the relevant facts and have sufficiently evaluated and considered them, including any explanation which the staff member offers. However, in some circumstances it may be necessary or appropriate (because of the nature of the alleged misconduct, the position held by the staff member under investigation or in order to ensure an impartial investigation) for another individual to undertake the investigation. This may be another staff member or an external person.
- 3.02 The investigation will be documented in writing.
- 3.03 Professional and technical expertise must be sought if the alleged misconduct involves professional or technical matters.
- 3.04 The investigation is to include:

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- (a) interviewing the staff member and giving them the opportunity to provide an explanation;
- (b) interviewing other persons involved;
- (c) checking records or verifying statements by any other means;
- (d) considering what disciplinary action has been taken previously;
- (e) documenting all aspects of the investigation in writing;
- (f) consider suspension if serious misconduct is alleged.
- 3.05 When the staff member associated with the alleged act of misconduct is being interviewed they are to be:
 - (a) given prior warning of the nature and subject of the alleged act of misconduct that is being investigated (in writing);
 - (b) given the opportunity to be accompanied during the interview by a representative / support person of their choice;
 - (c) given the opportunity to explain their actions;
 - (d) allowed to present any evidence that they believe is relevant to the investigation;
 - (e) allowed to question any witnesses brought to the interview by Management.
- 3.06 The Manager or Investigator conducting the interview (as per Section 3.01) must be accompanied by another Manager or HR Advisor to enable the discussions that occur as part of the interview to be corroborated. Where possible a gender and ethnicity balance should be maintained.
- 3.07 A written record of the interview (as per Section 3.04) must be kept by the Manager undertaking the interview.
- 3.08 The interview (as per Section 3.04) is to be conducted at an appropriate venue and any support required by the staff member (e.g. language assistance) is to be provided.
- 3.09 After all the relevant facts have been obtained and evaluated, the Manager is to:
 - (a) decide if any disciplinary action is to be taken (based on the evidence produced by the investigation, and taking into account the weight of probabilities); and
 - (b) inform the staff member of their preliminary decision in writing;
 - (c) if disciplinary action is considered necessary to be taken, warn the staff member of the consequences of continued acts of misconduct;
 - (d) make available the opportunity for the staff member to provide any further information that would mitigate the circumstances, or change a final decision;
 - (e) inform the staff member of their final decision in writing.
- 3.10 If the disciplinary action is to be a *warning (verbal, written or final written)*, then:
 - (a) The giving of the warning is to be witnessed by another Manager or HR Advisor and a support person for the staff member concerned;
 - (b) The staff member is to be told:
 - i) that the warning is being given at this date;
 - ii) the grounds for concern including the date and nature of the act of misconduct;
 - iii) the findings of any investigations that were undertaken;
 - iv) the improvements required;

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- v) the timeframe within which the improvements are to be made;
- vi) that if the staff member's performance/behaviour does not improve a further warning will be given;
- vii) about training or assistance that they will be given;
- viii) of any specific commitment required from the staff member regarding improving their conduct.
- (c) The staff member will be advised that written confirmation will be made of the warning (including verbal), that they will be provided with a copy and that the original will be placed on their personal file.
- 3.11 If the staff member has already received a written warning or if the misconduct is considered serious enough, the disciplinary action taken may be a *final warning*.

4.00 Dismissal Process

- 4.01 A staff member's employment may be terminated by:
 - (i) **Notice of Termination** which is given in accordance with the Disciplinary Procedures of WCDHB
 - (ii) **Summary Dismissal** which is an immediate cessation of a staff member's employment without notice and can only be used in situations where there is evidence of serious misconduct.
- 4.02 Once an investigation into the staff member's behaviour has been completed (as per Sections 3.01 3.08 of this Procedure), and it is determined that the behaviour is either:
 - (i) of such a level of seriousness that it warrants dismissal; or
 - (ii) is a continuation of previous misconduct by the staff member; then the General Manager in conjunction with the People and Capability Advisor is to provide a written report to the CE (or their Designate) with a recommendation (and justification) that dismissal of the staff member be considered. The staff member concerned is to be informed of this and provided with a copy of the report.
- 4.03 Upon receipt of the written report, the CE (or their Designate) will undertake whatever investigation s/he requires to ensure they become fully conversant with all facts pertaining to the recommendation. If the CE (or their Designate) is to interview any person or persons, then this must be as per Sections 3.01 3.08 of this Procedure.
- 4.04 Prior to the effective date of the cessation of employment, the relevant Manager is to ensure that the requirements of the WCDHB Exit from Employment Procedure are followed.

<u>5.00</u> Suspension Process

- 5.01 WCDHB does not view suspension as a disciplinary action. It is a process to be taken to assist in the determination of whether or not disciplinary action is warranted.
- 5.02 Circumstances that can warrant the suspension of a staff member can include:

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- (i) where it is alleged that there has been a serious act of misconduct and that it is necessary and/or advisable that the staff member concerned is removed from the workplace while the matter is being investigated;
- (ii) where the presence of the staff member in the workplace potentially compromises the safety of fellow staff members, patients or members of the public; or
- (iii) where the staff member has been charged in a Court of Law with an offence and the charge is such that:
 - (a) it affects directly the work of the staff member or WCDHB; or
 - (b) the continued presence of the staff member is likely to cause concern to other staff members, patients or members of the public and that it is therefore desirable that until the matter is resolved the staff member is removed from their duties.
- 5.03 Suspension will be undertaken by the staff member on full pay.
- 5.04 The power to suspend a staff member resides with the relevant General Manager who will act to suspend a staff member upon the recommendation of the relevant Manager, who as part of an investigation (as per Section 3.01 3.08) has determined that suspension of the staff member concerned is warranted.
- 5.05 The General Manager will inform the staff member concerned of their suspension in writing. This written confirmation of suspension is to include:
 - (i) date (period) of suspension;
 - (ii) reason for the suspension;
 - (iii) any reporting or other requirements during the period of suspension;
 - (iv) any other conditions of the suspension.
- A copy of the notice of suspension is to be forwarded to the People and Capability Advisor for monitoring and for placement on the relevant personal file.
- 5.07 As part of the suspension, the staff member concerned may be required to report to their Manager at regular intervals, and to provide a means whereby they can be contacted during normal working hours.

7. Precautions and Considerations

- All disciplinary actions need to be taken in line with the principles of natural justice
- Managers need to be able to demonstrate as part of all disciplinary actions just cause and procedural fairness

8. References

There are no references associated with this Procedure.

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9. **Related Documents**

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